Michigan Department of Treasury 496 (02/06)

Auditing Procedures Report

Issued under P.A. 2 of 1968	, as amended and P.A	. 71 of 1919, as amended.
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			2 of 1968, as		port nd P.A. 71 of 1919), as amended.				
Local Unit of Government Type Local Unit Name County				County						
	Coun		□City	⊠Twp	□Village	Other	Amber Tow	nship		Mason
1	al Yea arch		2007		Opinion Date August 1,	2007	•	Date Audit Report Submitted August 13, 2007	I to State	
We a					/ Adgust 1,			August 13, 2007		
				ccountants	s licensed to p	ractico in M	liobigon			
					•		•	sed in the financial stateme	anta inaludi	ing the nates or in the
	agem				ments and rec			sed iii tile lillaliciai stateme	ents, includ	ing the notes, or in the
	YES	8	Check ea	ach applic	able box bel	ow. (See in	structions for	further detail.)		
1.	X				nent units/fundes to the finan				ncial staten	nents and/or disclosed in the
2.	X							nit's unreserved fund balar oudget for expenditures.	nces/unrest	tricted net assets
3.	X		The local	unit is in o	compliance wi	th the Unifo	rm Chart of A	ccounts issued by the Dep	partment of	Treasury.
4.	×		The local	unit has a	dopted a bud	get for all re	equired funds.			
5.	X		A public h	nearing on	the budget w	as held in a	ccordance wi	th State statute.		
6.	X				ot violated the ssued by the l			an order issued under the Division.	Emergency	/ Municipal Loan Act, or
7.	×		The local	unit has n	ot been delin	quent in dist	tributing tax re	evenues that were collected	d for anothe	er taxing unit.
8.	X		The local	unit only l	holds deposits	/investmen	ts that comply	with statutory requiremen	ts.	
9.		X						that came to our attention ed (see Appendix H of Bull		in the <i>Bulletin for</i>
10.	X		that have	not been	previously cor	mmunicated	to the Local	ment, which came to our a Audit and Finance Divisior under separate cover.	ittention dui n (LAFD). If	ring the course of our audit there is such activity that has
11.		X	The local	unit is free	e of repeated	comments f	rom previous	years.		
12.	X		The audit	opinion is	UNQUALIFIE	ED.				
13.	×				complied with g principles (0		r GASB 34 as	modified by MCGAA State	ement #7 a	nd other generally
14.	×		The board	d or counc	il approves al	l invoices p	rior to paymer	nt as required by charter or	r statute.	
15.	X		To our kn	owledge,	bank reconcili	ations that	were reviewed	d were performed timely.		
incli des	uded cripti	in th on(s)	nis or any of the aut	other aud hority and	dit report, nor /or commissio	do they ob n.	otain a stand-	alone audit, please enclo	daries of the	e audited entity and is not ne(s), address(es), and a
			closed the		statement is	Enclosed	_			
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Oth	er (D	escrib	e)							
			ccountant (F	•		1		Telephone Number		
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	et Add 6 Ma		Avenue					City Muskegon		Zip 49443
	-		Signature			Pri	nted Name	Musiceguii	License Nur	

TIMOTHY D. ARTER

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Authorizing CPA Signature / Lutter, CPA
for Buskley Delong, PCC

Amber Township Mason County, Michigan

REPORT ON FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (with required supplementary information)

Year ended March 31, 2007

Amber Township

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As management of Amber Township, we present to the readers of the Township's financial statements this overview and analysis of the financial activities of Amber Township for the fiscal year ended March 31, 2007. We encourage you to consider the information presented in these financial statements along with the additional information that has been furnished in this letter.

FINANCIAL HIGHLIGHTS

- The General Fund fund balance increased \$17,536, while the Downtown Development Authority balance increased by \$226,317.
- The Township spent \$45,817 on improving roads within the Township during the year. With this expenditure, the Township was able to complete many small road projects.

OVERVIEW OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

The discussion and analysis is intended to serve as an introduction to the Township's basic financial statements. Amber Township's basic financial statements are comprised of three components: 1) government-wide financial statements, 2) fund financial statements and 3) notes to financial statements. This report also contains other supplementary information in addition to the basic financial statements themselves.

Government-wide Financial Statements

The government-wide financial statements are designed to provide the reader with a broad overview of the Township's finances. These statements are similar to those of a private sector business.

The Statement of Net Assets presents information on all of the Township's assets and liabilities, with the difference between the two reported as net assets. Over time, increases or decreases in net assets may serve as a useful indicator of whether the financial position of the Township is improving or deteriorating.

The Statement of Activities presents information showing how the Township's net assets changed during the fiscal year. All changes in net assets are reported when the event giving rise to the change occurs, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Thus, revenues and expenses are reported in this statement for some items that will only result in cash flows in the future fiscal periods.

Both of the government-wide financial statements mentioned above distinguish functions of the Township that are principally supported by taxes and intergovernmental revenues (governmental activities). The governmental activities of the Township include general government, public safety, public works, culture and recreation, and community and economic development.

Fund Financial Statements

A fund is a grouping of related accounts that is used to maintain control over resources that have been segregated for specific activities or objectives. The Township, like other state and local governments, uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements. All of the funds of the Township can be divided into two categories—governmental funds and fiduciary funds.

Governmental Funds

Governmental funds are used to account for essentially the same functions reported as governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements. However, unlike the government-wide financial statements, governmental fund financial statements focus on current sources and uses of spendable resources, as well as on balances of spendable resources available at the end of the fiscal year. This information may be useful in evaluating a governmental entity's short-term financing requirements.

Because the focus of governmental funds is narrower than that of the government-wide financial statements, it is useful to compare the information presented for governmental funds with similar information presented for governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements. By doing so, readers may better understand the long-term impact of the government's short-term financing decisions. Both the governmental fund balance sheet and the governmental fund statement of revenues, expenditures and changes in fund balances provide a reconciliation to facilitate this comparison between the two.

The Township maintains two individual governmental funds. Information is presented separately in the governmental fund balance sheet and in the governmental fund statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balances for the General Fund and the Downtown Development Authority Fund, which are considered major funds

Fiduciary Funds

Fiduciary funds are used to account for resources held for the benefit of parties outside the Township. Fiduciary funds are not reflected on the government-wide financial statements because the resources from those funds are not available to support the Township's programs. The accounting method used for fiduciary funds is much like that used for the government-wide financial statements.

Notes to Financial Statements

The notes provide additional information that is essential to a full understanding of the data provided in the government-wide and fund financial statements. The reader is encouraged to include the reading of this section in any attempt to analyze and understand these statements.

Other Information. In addition to the basic financial statements and accompanying notes, this report also presents certain required supplementary information concerning the Township's budgetary information as it relates to the actual expenditures for the General Fund and the Downtown Development Authority.

Government-wide Financial Analysis

The first table presented below is a summary of the government-wide statement of net assets for Amber Township. As stated earlier, the net assets may be used as an indicator of a government's financial health. As of March 31, 2007, the Township's net assets from governmental activities totaled \$1,016,049.

In examining the composition of these net assets, the reader should note that governmental activities net assets are invested in capital assets (i.e., buildings, land, vehicles, equipment, etc.) These assets are used to provide services to the Township's residents, and they are not available to pay salaries, operational expenses or fund capital projects. The unrestricted net assets for governmental-type activities actually depict a balance of \$904,455. This represents the amount of discretionary resources that can be used for general governmental operations.

Net Assets

		Governmental Activities				
	_	2007	_	2006		
Current assets	\$	959,987	\$	717,381		
Capital assets		111,594		114,758		
Total assets		1,071,581		832,139		
Current liabilities		32,005		32,851		
Noncurrent liabilities		23,527		54,638		
Total liabilities	_	55,532		87,489		
Net assets						
Invested in capital assets,						
net of related debt		111,594		114,758		
Unrestricted		904,455		629,892		
Total net assets	\$	1,016,049	\$	744,650		

The increase in current assets was primarily attributable to the increase in cash within the DDA, which was a result of the Township not spending funds due to no new projects materializing within the DDA. Capital assets decreased primarily due to current year depreciation expense. Total liabilities decreased due to the Township making its regular debt payments.

Governmental Activities

Governmental activities increased by \$271,399 during the 2007 fiscal year. The following table depicts this occurrence which will be discussed in more detail later in this analysis.

Change in Net Assets

		Governmental Activities				
		2007		2006		
Revenues:		_				
Program revenues						
Charges for services	\$	37,451	\$	34,470		
Capital grants and contributions		2,888		2,262		
General revenues						
Property taxes		293,823		292,225		
Grants and contributions not restricted		139,730		140,391		
Unrestricted investment earning		23,308		18,155		
Miscellaneous		3,799		_		
Total revenues		500,999		487,503		
Expenses:						
General government		141,117		147,461		
Public safety		10,900		17,519		
Public works		73,656		78,215		
Community and economic development		1,085		577,751		
Interest on long-term debt		2,842		2,329		
Total expenses		229,600		823,275		
Change in net assets		271,399		(335,772)		
Net assets - Beginning		744,650		1,080,422		
Net assets - Ending	\$_	1,016,049	\$	744,650		

When comparing the 2007 fiscal year to the 2006 fiscal year, revenue and expenditures of governmental activities were fairly consistent for most categories. The exception to the consistency is the expense line item labeled community and economic development. The 2006 expense is much higher due to the Township paying the remainder owed to the County for a sewer project related to prior years work in 2006.

Financial Analysis of the Government's Funds

As stated earlier in this discussion and analysis, the Township uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements.

Governmental Funds. The focus of the Township's governmental funds is to provide information on near-term inflows, outflows, and balances in spendable resources. Such information is useful in assessing the Township's financing requirements. In particular, unreserved fund balances or the lack thereof, may serve as a useful measure of a government's net resources available for spending at the end of the fiscal year.

The General Fund is the chief operating fund of Amber Township. At the end of the fiscal year 2007, the entire amount of the General Fund fund balance was unreserved. This amount was an increase of 5% over the prior year.

The Downtown Development Authority Fund accounts for the activities that are designed to provide infrastructure along US 10 to help develop the potential economic benefits. The fund balance at the end of the 2007 fiscal year was \$587,621, an increase of 63% over the prior year. The reason for such a large increase is because the Downtown Development Authority had relatively little activity with current tax revenue raised being set aside for future projects.

At March 31, 2007, Amber Township's governmental funds reported a combined fund balance of \$959,092. This number represents the unreserved fund balance of \$371,471 in the General Fund, and a reserved fund balance of \$587,621 in the Downtown Development Authority. The reserved balance is to be used for future projects that will be used to benefit and encourage growth within the area of the Downtown Development Authority.

General Fund Budget

During the current fiscal year, the Township made no significant amendments to its original budget.

The following comments summarize the major variations from the final budget to actual revenues and expenditures.

- Property tax revenue was less than budgeted, while charges for services were greater than budgeted due to the property tax admin fee being incorrectly budgeted as part of property tax revenue.
- Roads were lower than budgeted while debt service payments were over budget due to the debt payment incorrectly being budgeted in roads.

Capital Assets Administration

Amber Township's investment in capital assets for its governmental activities as of March 31, 2007 totaled \$111,594 (net of accumulated depreciation). This investment in capital assets includes land, buildings, improvements, machinery, equipment, and vehicles.

During the years ended March 31, 2007 and 2006, the Township did not purchase or dispose of any capital assets.

Capital Assets (Net of Accumulated Depreciation)

	 Governmental Activities					
	2007		2006			
Land	\$ 29,316	\$	29,316			
Buildings and improvements	82,278		85,442			
Furniture and equipment	 		-			
Total	\$ 111,594	\$	114,758			

Additional information on the Township's capital assets can be found in the notes to financial statements.

Long-Term Debt

At the end of the 2006 fiscal year, the Township had total outstanding debt of \$85,348 consisting of a note payable to a local bank incurred due to past road projects. During the year ended March 31, 2007, the Township made its scheduled payment and reduced the debt by \$30,710, leaving a debt balance at \$54,638 as of March 31, 2007. The total debt of \$54,638 in governmental funds is backed by the full-faith and credit of the Township.

Additional information on the Township's long-term debt can be found in the notes to the financial statements.

General Economic Overview

Amber Township's General Fund is comprised of two major revenue sources: state revenue sharing and property tax revenue. Those two sources comprise approximately 76% of the General Fund's revenue sources. In fiscal year 2007, state revenue sharing is expected to remain flat. Property tax revenues will probably increase slightly due to an increase in taxable value and expected increased development within the Township. Expenditures are expected to remain consistent with 2007.

The Township is optimistic for future economic growth development.

Requests for Information

This financial report is designed to provide a general overview of the Amber Township's finances for all those with an interest. Questions concerning any of the information provided in this report or requests for additional information should be addressed to Amber Township, 221 North Gordon Road, Scottville, Michigan, 49454, (231) 757-2160.

BRICKLEY DELONG CERTIFIED PUBLIC ACCOUNTANTS

INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT

August 1, 2007

Members of the Township Board Amber Township Scottville, Michigan

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of Amber Township as of and for the year ended March 31, 2007, which collectively comprise the Township's financial statements as listed in the table of contents. These financial statements are the responsibility of Amber Township's management. Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audit.

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free of material misstatement. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence supporting the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. An audit also includes assessing the accounting principles used and significant estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall financial statement presentation. We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinions.

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of Amber Township, as of March 31, 2007, and the respective changes in financial position for the year then ended in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

The management's discussion and analysis and budgetary comparison information on pages i - vii and 18 - 19 are not a required part of the basic financial statements but are supplementary information required by accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America. We have applied certain limited procedures, which consisted principally of inquiries of management regarding the methods of measurement and presentation of the required supplementary information. However, we did not audit the information and express no opinion on it.

Sruhley Ve Long, PLC

Amber Township STATEMENT OF NET ASSETS

March 31, 2007

ASSETS

	Governmental activities
CURRENT ASSETS	
Cash and investments	\$ 926,174
Receivables	10,872
Due from other governmental units	22,941
Total current assets	959,987
NONCURRENT ASSETS	
Capital assets, net	
Nondepreciable	29,316
Depreciable	82,278
Total capital assets	111,594
Total assets	1,071,581
LIABILITIES AND NET ASSETS	
CURRENT LIABILITIES	
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities	894
Bonds and other obligations, due within one year	31,111
Total current liabilities	32,005
NONCURRENT LIABILITIES	
Bonds and other obligations, less amounts due within one year	23,527
Total liabilities	55,532
NET ASSETS	
Invested in capital assets, net of related debt	111,594
Unrestricted	904,455
Total net assets	\$1,016,049_

Amber Township **STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES**

For the year ended March 31, 2007

							N	et (Expenses)
							I	Revenue and
								Changes in
				Progra	am Rever	nue		Net Assets
			_	Charges for	Oper	ating grants	<u>-</u>	overnmental
Functions/Programs		Expenses		services	-	ontributions		activities
Governmental activities	_	1	_					
General government	\$	141,117	\$	37,451	\$	-	\$	(103,666)
Public safety		10,900		_		-		(10,900)
Public works		73,656		-		2,888		(70,768)
Community and economic development		1,085		-		-		(1,085)
Interest on long-term debt	_	2,842	_				_	(2,842)
Total	\$_	229,600	\$_	37,451	\$	2,888		(189,261)
General revenues								
Property taxes, levied for general purposes								293,823
Grants and contributions not restricted to specific programs								139,730
Unrestricted investment earnings								23,308
Miscellaneous							_	3,799
Total general revenues							_	460,660
Change in net assets								271,399
Net assets at April 1, 2006							_	744,650
Net assets at March 31, 2007							\$_	1,016,049

Amber Township BALANCE SHEET Governmental Funds March 31, 2007

	General Fund			Downtown Pevelopment Authority	Total governmenta funds	
ASSETS Cash and investments	\$	220 552	\$	507 (21	\$	026 172
Property taxes receivable	Ф	338,552 10,872	Ф	587,621	Ф	926,173 10,872
Due from other governmental units		22,941		-		22,941
Total assets	\$	372,365	\$_	587,621	\$	959,986
LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCES Liabilities	d.	004	d		d	00.4
Accounts payable Fund balances	\$	894	\$	-	\$	894
Unreserved, undesignated						
General Fund		371,471		_		371,471
Special Revenue Fund			_	587,621		587,621
Total fund balances		371,471	_	587,621		959,092
Total liabilities and fund balances	\$	372,365	\$_	587,621	\$	959,986

Amber Township

RECONCILIATION OF THE GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS BALANCE SHEET TO THE STATEMENT OF NET ASSETS

March 31, 2007

Total fund balance—governmental funds			\$	959,092
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the Statement of Net Assets are different because:				
Capital assets used in governmental activities are not financial resources and are not reported in the governmental funds. Cost of capital assets Accumulated depreciation	\$ _	157,899 (46,304)		111,595
Long-term liabilities in governmental activities are not due and payable in the current period and are not reported in the governmental funds.				
Note payable			_	(54,638)
Net assets of governmental activities in the Statement of Net Assets			\$	1,016,049

Amber Township STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES Governmental Funds

Governmental Funds
For the year ended March 31, 2007

		General Fund		Downtown Development Authority	Total governmental funds		
REVENUES				_		_	
Property taxes	\$	79,045	\$	214,778	\$	293,823	
Intergovernmental revenues - State		142,618		-		142,618	
Charges for services		37,451		-		37,451	
Investment earnings		10,517		12,790		23,307	
Other	_	3,799	_	_		3,799	
Total revenues		273,430		227,568		500,998	
EXPENDITURES							
Current							
General government		136,701		1,251		137,952	
Public safety		10,900		-		10,900	
Public works		73,656		-		73,656	
Community and economic development		1,085		-		1,085	
Debt service							
Principal		30,710		-		30,710	
Interest and fees	_	2,842	_			2,842	
Total expenditures	-	255,894	_	1,251		257,145	
Net change in fund balances		17,536		226,317		243,853	
Fund balances at April 1, 2006	_	353,935	_	361,304		715,239	
Fund balances at March 31, 2007	\$	371,471	\$_	587,621	\$	959,092	

Amber Township

RECONCILIATION OF THE GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES TO THE STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES

For the year ended March 31, 2007

Net change in fund balances—total governmental funds	\$ 243,853
Governmental funds report outlays for capital assets as expenditures; in the Statement of Activities, these costs are depreciated over their estimated useful lives.	(2.164)
Depreciation expense Repayment of principal on long-term debt is an expenditure in the governmental funds, but	(3,164)
the repayment reduces long-term liabilities in the Statement of Net Assets.	 30,710
Change in net assets of governmental activities	\$ 271,399

Amber Township STATEMENT OF FIDUCIARY ASSETS AND LIABILITIES

Fiduciary Funds March 31, 2007

A CCETC		Private Purpose Trust Fund - Tax Collection- Simple Agency Fund								
ASSETS										
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ <u></u>	3,015	\$	9,327						
LIABILITIES										
Due to other governmental units	\$	3,015	\$	9,327						

Amber Township NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

March 31, 2007

NOTE A—SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The financial statements of Amber Township (Township) have been prepared in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAP) as applied to government units. The Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) is the accepted standard-setting body for establishing governmental accounting and financial reporting principles. The more significant of the Township's accounting policies are described below.

Reporting Entity

Amber Township (Township) is a common law township governed by an elected five-member board.

The accompanying financial statements present the government and its component units, entities for which the government is considered to be financially accountable. Blended component units, although legally separate entities, are, in substance, part of the government's operations. Each discretely presented component unit is reported in a separate column in the government-wide financial statements (see note below for description) to emphasize that it is legally separate from the government. The Township does not contain any discretely presented component units. The blended component unit has a March 31 fiscal year end.

Blended Component Unit

Downtown Development Authority (DDA). The DDA board is appointed by the Township Board. The DDA board cannot authorize and issue debt independent from the Township. The DDA is presented as a special revenue fund.

Government-Wide and Fund Financial Statements

The government-wide financial statements (i.e., the statement of net assets and the statement of changes in net assets) report information on all of the nonfiduciary activities of the primary government and its component units. Governmental activities, which normally are supported by taxes and intergovernmental revenues, are reported separately from business-type activities, which rely to a significant extent on fees and charges for support. Likewise, the primary government is reported separately from certain legally separate component units for which the primary government is financially accountable.

The statement of activities demonstrates the degree to which the direct expenses of a given function or segment are offset by program revenues. Direct expenses are those that are clearly identifiable with a specific function or segment. Program revenues include 1) charges to customers or applicants who purchase, use, or directly benefit from goods, services, or privileges provided by a given function or segment and 2) grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirement of a particular function or segment. Taxes and other items not properly included among program revenues are reported instead as general revenues. The Township does not allocate indirect costs.

Separate financial statements are provided for governmental funds and fiduciary funds, even though the latter are excluded from the government-wide financial statements. Major individual governmental funds are reported as separate columns in the fund financial statements.

NOTE A—SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES—Continued

Measurement Focus, Basis of Accounting and Financial Statement Presentation

The government-wide financial statements are reported using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting, as are the fiduciary fund financial statements. Revenues are recorded when earned and expenses are recorded when a liability is incurred, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Property taxes are recognized as revenues in the year for which they are levied. Grants and similar items are recognized as revenue as soon as all eligibility requirements imposed by the provider have been met.

Governmental fund financial statements are reported using the current financial resources measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recognized as soon as they are both measurable and available. Revenues are considered to be available when they are collectible within the current period or soon enough thereafter to pay liabilities of the current period. For this purpose, the government considers revenues to be available if they are collected within 60 days of the end of the current fiscal period. Expenditures generally are recorded when a liability is incurred, as under accrual accounting. However, debt service expenditures, as well as expenditures related to compensated absences and claims and judgments, are recorded only when payment is due.

Property taxes, franchise taxes, licenses and interest associated with the current fiscal period are all considered to be susceptible to accrual and so have been recognized as revenues of the current fiscal period. Only the portion of special assessments receivable due within the current fiscal period is considered to be susceptible to accrual as revenue of the current period. All other revenue items are considered to be measurable and available only when cash is received by the government.

The Township reports the following major governmental funds:

The General Fund is the government's primary operating fund. It accounts for all financial resources of the general government, except those required to be accounted for in another fund.

The Downtown Development Authority is used to improve the Township's infrastructure.

Additionally, the Township reports the following fund type:

The Agency Fund accounts for assets the Township holds on behalf of others.

Private-sector standards of accounting and financial reporting issued prior to December 1, 1989, generally are followed in the government-wide financial statements to the extent that those standards do not conflict with or contradict guidance of the Government Accounting Standards Board.

As a general rule the effect of interfund activity has been eliminated from the government-wide financial statements.

Amounts reported as program revenues include 1) charges to customers or applicants for goods, services or privileges provided, 2) operating grants and contributions and 3) capital grants and contributions, including special assessments. Internally dedicated resources are reported as general revenues rather than as program revenues. Likewise, general revenues include all taxes.

When both restricted and unrestricted resources are available for use, it is the Township's policy to use restricted resources first, then unrestricted resources as they are needed.

NOTE A—SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES—Continued

Assets, Liabilities and Net Assets or Equity

Deposits and Investments

The Township's cash and cash equivalents are considered to be cash on hand, demand deposits and short-term investments with original maturities of three months or less from the date of acquisition.

The Township reports its investments in accordance with GASB Statement No. 31, *Accounting and Financial Reporting for Certain Investments and for External Investment Pools*. Under this standard, certain investments are valued at fair value as determined by quoted market prices or by estimated fair values when quoted market prices are not available. The standard also provides that certain investments are valued at cost (or amortized cost) when they are of a short-term duration, the rate of return is fixed, and the Township intends to hold the investment until maturity.

The Township has adopted an investment policy in compliance with State of Michigan statutes. Those statutes authorize the Township to invest in obligations of the United States, certificates of deposit, prime commercial paper, securities guaranteed by United States agencies or instrumentalities, United States government or federal agency obligation repurchase agreements, bankers' acceptances, state-approved investment pools and certain mutual funds.

Receivables and Payables

Activity between funds that are representative of lending/borrowing arrangements outstanding at the end of the fiscal year are referred to as either "due to/from other funds" (i.e., the current portion of interfund loans) or "advances to/from other funds" (i.e., the non-current portion of interfund loans). All other outstanding balances between funds are reported as "due to/from other funds".

Advances between funds, as reported in the fund financial statements, are offset by a fund balance reserve account in applicable governmental funds to indicate that they are not available for appropriation and are not expendable available financial resources.

All trade and property tax receivables are shown net of allowance for uncollectibles.

The Township bills and collects its own property taxes and also collects taxes for the county, school and State of Michigan. Taxes are levied on each July 1 on the taxable valuation of property (as defined by state statutes) located in the Local Governmental Unit as of the preceding December 31. Uncollectible real property taxes as of the following March 1 are turned over by the Township to the County for collection. The County advances the Township all these delinquent real property taxes. The delinquent personal property taxes remain the responsibility of the Township. The Township recognizes all available revenue from the current tax levy. Available means collected within the current period or expected to be collected soon enough thereafter to be used to pay liabilities of the current period (60 days).

The 2006 state taxable value for real/personal property of the Township totaled approximately \$98,200,000 of which approximately \$23,000,000 was captured by the Downtown Development Authority (DDA). The ad valorem taxes levied consisted of .9098 mills for the Township's operating purposes. These amounts are recognized in the respective General Fund and DDA.

NOTE A—SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES—Continued

Assets, Liabilities and Net Assets or Equity—Continued

Capital Assets

Capital assets, which include property, plant and equipment, are reported in the government-wide financial statements. Capital assets are defined by the government as assets with an initial, individual cost of more than \$1,000 and an estimated useful life in excess of two years. Such assets are recorded at historical cost or estimated historical cost if purchased or constructed. Donated capital assets are recorded at estimated fair market value at the date of donation.

The costs of normal maintenance and repairs that do not add to the value of the asset or materially extend assets lives are not capitalized.

Major outlays for capital assets and improvements are capitalized as projects are constructed.

Property, plant and equipment of the primary government, as well as the component units, are depreciated using the straight-line method over the following estimated useful lives:

<u>Assets</u>	<u>Years</u>
Buildings and improvements	25-40
Equipment	5-10

Long-Term Obligations

In the government-wide financial statements, long-term debt and other long-term obligations are reported as liabilities. Bond premiums and discounts as well as issuance costs, are deferred and amortized over the life of the bonds using the effective interest method. Bonds payable are reported net of the applicable bond premium or discount. Bond issuance costs are reported as deferred charges and amortized over the term of the related debt.

In the fund financial statements, governmental fund types recognize bond premiums and discounts, as well as bond issuance costs, during the current period. The face amount of debt issued is reported as other financing sources. Premiums received on debt issuances are reported as other financing sources while discounts on debt issuances are reported as other financing uses. Issuance costs, whether or not withheld from the actual debt proceeds received, are reported as debt service expenditures.

Fund Equity

In the fund financial statements, governmental funds report reservations of fund balance for amounts that are not available for appropriation or are legally restricted by outside parties for use for a specific purpose. Designations of fund balance represent tentative management plans that are subject to change.

Use of Estimates

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect certain reported amounts and disclosures.

NOTE B—STEWARDSHIP, COMPLIANCE AND ACCOUNTABILITY

Budgetary Information

Annual budgets are adopted on a basis consistent with generally accepted accounting principles for all governmental funds. All annual appropriations lapse at fiscal year end.

The Township follows these procedures in establishing the budgetary information provided in the financial statements:

- a. Prior to the first week of March, the Township Supervisor submits to the Township Board a proposed operating budget for the fiscal year commencing the following April 1. The operating budget includes proposed expenditures and the means of financing them.
- b. Public hearings are conducted at the Township Hall to obtain taxpayer comments.
- c. Not later than the first week in March, the budget is legally enacted through passage of a resolution.
- d. Supplemental appropriations, when required to provide for additional expenditures, are matched by additional anticipated revenues or an appropriation of available fund balance and must be approved by the Township Board. All appropriations lapse at year end.

The appropriated budget is prepared by fund, function and department. The Township's department heads may make transfers of appropriations within a department. Transfers of appropriations between departments require the approval of the Township Board. The legal level of budgetary control is the department level. The Township Board made several supplemental budgetary appropriations throughout the year.

Excess of Expenditures Over Appropriations

For the year ended March 31, 2007, actual expenditures exceeded appropriations for payments of debt and interest by \$33,552.

NOTE C-DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS

Interest rate risk. The Township does not have a formal investment policy that limits investment maturities as a means of managing its exposure to fair value losses arising from increasing interest rates.

Credit risk. State law limits investments in commercial paper and corporate bonds to the two highest classifications issued by nationally recognized statistical rating organizations. The Township has no investment policy that would further limit its investment choices.

Concentration of credit risk. The Township does not have a concentration of credit risk policy. Concentration of credit risk is the risk of loss attributed to the magnitude of the Township investment in a single issuer, by diversifying the investment portfolio so that the impact of potential losses from any one type of security or issuer will be minimized.

NOTE C—DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS—Continued

Custodial credit risk - deposits. In the case of deposits, this is the risk that in the event of a bank failure, the Township's deposits may not be returned to it. As of March 31, 2007, \$826,174 of the Township's bank balance of \$926,174 was exposed to custodial credit risk because it was uninsured and uncollateralized.

Custodial credit risk - investments. The Township does not have a custodial credit risk policy for investments. This is the risk that, in the event of the failure of the counterparty, the Township will not be able to recover the value of its investments or collateral securities that are in the possession of an outside party.

Foreign currency risk. The Township is not authorized to invest in investments which have this type of risk.

NOTE D—CAPITAL ASSETS

Capital asset activity for the year ended March 31, 2007 was as follows:

		Balance			Balance
		April 1,			March 31,
	_	2006	 Additions	Deductions	2007
Governmental activities:			_		
Capital assets, not being depreciated:					
Land	\$	29,316	\$ - \$	-	\$ 29,316
Capital assets, being depreciated:					
Buildings and improvements		126,583	-	-	126,583
Furniture and equipment	_	2,000	 		2,000
Total capital assets, being depreciated		128,583	-	-	128,583
Less accumulated depreciation:					
Buildings and improvements		41,141	3,164	-	44,305
Furniture and equipment	_	2,000	 		2,000
Total accumulated depreciation	-	43,141	 3,164		46,305
Total capital assets, being					
depreciated, net	-	85,442	 (3,164)		82,278
Capital assets, net	\$_	114,758	\$ (3,164)		\$ 111,594

Depreciation

Depreciation expense of \$3,164 was charged to general government.

NOTE E-LONG-TERM DEBT

Summary of Changes in Long-Term Liabilities

The following is a summary of long-term liabilities activity for the Township for the year ended March 31, 2007.

		Balance			Balance		
		April 1,			March 31,		Due within
		2006	Additions	Reductions	2007		one year
Governmental activities:	_					•	
Note payable	\$_	85,348	\$ -	\$ 30,710	\$ 54,638	\$	31,111

Governmental activities:

General obligation bonds:

Note payable to bank due in annual installments of \$33,552, including interest through April 2008; interest at 3.25%.

55,488

Annual debt service requirements to maturity for debt outstanding as of March 31, 2007 follows:

Year ending	Governmental activities				
March 31,	Principal	_	Interest		
2008	\$ 31,111	\$	2,441		
2009	23,527	_	1,243		
	\$ 54,638	\$	3,684		

NOTE F—OTHER INFORMATION

Risk Management

The Township is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts; theft of, damage to and destruction of assets; errors and omissions; and natural disasters for which the government carries commercial insurance. Liabilities are reported when it is probable that a loss has occurred and the amount of the loss in excess of insurance coverage can be reasonably estimated. There has been no loss in excess of insurance in the past three years.

Contingent Liabilities

Amounts received or receivable from grant agencies are subject to audit and adjustment by grantor agencies, principally the federal government. Any disallowed claims, including amounts already collected, may constitute a liability to the applicable funds. The amount, if any, of expenditures that may be disallowed by the grantor cannot be determined at this time, although the Township expects such amounts, if any, to be immaterial.

Guarantees

The Township and various other entities are guarantors of an equipment financing agreement of the Mason County Rural Fire Authority. Management anticipates no loss as a result of its share of the \$610,000 guarantee.

NOTE G—PENSION PLAN

The Township provides pension benefits for all of its board members through a defined contribution plan. In a defined contribution plan, benefits depend solely on amounts contributed to the plan plus investment earnings. The Township adopted a defined contribution pension plan, effective April 20, 1969, with the Manufacturer's Life Insurance Company. The annuity formula or schedule is based upon \$100 contribution per employee earning less than \$300 annually; \$200 for those earning \$300 or more but less than \$600; \$300 for those earning \$600 or more but less than \$900; \$400 for those earning \$900 or more but less than \$1,200; \$500 for those earning \$1,200 or more but less than \$1,500; and \$600 for those earning \$1,500 or more.

For the year ended March 31, 2007, the contribution to the Plan by the Township was \$4,275.

NOTE H—ECONOMIC DEPENDENCY

State of Michigan shared revenues represent 52 percent of General Fund revenues.



Amber Township

Required Supplemental Information

BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE

General Fund

For the year ended March 31, 2007

Variance with

	Budgeted amounts						final budget- positive	
	Original			Final	Actual			(negative)
REVENUES	_	Original	_	1 mai	_	7101441	_	(Hegative)
Property taxes	\$	113,000	\$	113,000	\$	79,045	\$	(33,955)
Intergovernmental revenues - State	Ψ	142,000	Ψ	142,000	Ψ	142,618	4	618
Charges for services		3,100		3,100		37,451		34,351
Investment earnings		10,000		10,000		10,517		517
Other	_	-	_		_	3,799		3,799
Total revenues		268,100		268,100		273,430		5,330
EXPENDITURES								
Current								
General government								
Board		26,000		26,000		25,889		111
Supervisor		18,000		18,000		17,633		367
Elections		4,000		5,000		4,295		705
Board of review		1,000		1,000		-		1,000
Clerk		20,000		20,000		19,394		606
Treasurer		25,000		26,000		26,467		(467)
Assessor		23,000		24,500		24,133		367
Township hall		21,000		21,000		15,684		5,316
Land division		100		100		-		100
Cemetery		4,000		4,000		3,206		794
Public safety								
Fire		20,000		20,000		10,900		9,100
Public works								
Roads		74,000		80,000		45,817		34,183
Water and Sewer		32,000		32,000		27,839		4,161
Community and economic development		1,000		2,000		1,085		915
Other governmental functions								
Contingency		27,000		16,500		-		16,500
Debt service								
Principal		-		-		30,710		(30,710)
Interest and fees	_		_		_	2,842		(2,842)
Total expenditures	_	296,100	_	296,100	_	255,894	_	40,206
Net change in fund balances	\$=	(28,000)	\$_	(28,000)		17,536	\$_	45,536
Fund balance at April 1, 2006					_	353,935		
Fund balance at March 31, 2007					\$_	371,471		

Amber Township Required Supplemental Information BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE

Downtown Development Authority For the year ended March 31, 2007

		Budgete	d amo		A a.t., a.1	Variance with final budget- Positive		
REVENUES	_	Original	_	Final	_	Actual	_	(negative)
Property taxes	\$	215,000	\$	215,000	\$	214,778	\$	(222)
Investment earnings	Ψ	10,000	Ψ	10,000	Ψ	12,790	Ψ	2,790
Total revenues	_	225,000	_	225,000	_	227,568	_	2,568
EXPENDITURES								
Current								
General government		3,000		3,000		1,251		1,749
Public works		583,000		583,000		-		583,000
Total expenditures	_	586,000	_	586,000	_	1,251	_	584,749
Net change in fund balance	\$=	(361,000)	\$_	(361,000)		226,317	\$_	587,317
Fund balance at April 1, 2006					_	361,304		
Fund balance at March 31, 2007					\$_	587,621		

BRICKLEY DELONG CERTIFIED PUBLIC ACCOUNTANTS

August 1, 2007

Township Board Amber Township Scottville, Michigan

In planning and performing our audit of the governmental activities, each major fund and the aggregate remaining fund information of Amber Township as of and for the year ended March 31, 2007, in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, we considered Amber Township's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) as a basis for designing our auditing procedures for the purpose of expressing our opinion on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of Amber Township's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of Amber Township's internal control.

A control deficiency exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent or detect misstatements on a timely basis. A significant deficiency is a control deficiency, or a combination of control deficiencies, that adversely affects the entity's ability to initiate, authorize, record, process, or report financial data reliably in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles such that there is more than a remote likelihood that a misstatement of the entity's financial statements that is more than inconsequential will not be prevented or detected by the entity's internal control.

A material weakness is a significant deficiency, or a combination of significant deficiencies, that results in more than a remote likelihood that a material misstatement of the financial statements will not be prevented or detected by the entity's internal control.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph and would not necessarily identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be significant deficiencies or material weaknesses. We did not identify any deficiencies in internal control that we consider to be material weaknesses, as defined above. However, we identified and we have attached deficiencies in internal control that we consider to be significant deficiencies.

This communication is intended solely for the information and use of management, the Township Board, others within the Organization and is not intended to be and should not be used by anyone other than these specified parties.

Sruhley Verting, PLC

SIGNIFICANT DEFICIENCIES

Recommendation 1: The internal controls surrounding the preparation of formal year end financial statements should be improved.

Small organizations with limited resources and personnel inherently have difficulty in establishing and maintaining effective internal accounting controls related to the preparation and review of the formal year end financial statements.

The Organization should review its procedures surrounding the preparation of year end financial statements to include the appointment of an individual with the requisite technical skills and experience to review the formal year end financial statements and accompanying footnotes, in relation to required disclosures in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles.

Recommendation 2: The internal control procedures should be further segregated.

Small organizations with limited resources and personnel inherently have difficulty in establishing and maintaining an accounting system with strong internal accounting controls including significant segregation of duties.

The Township should continue using its current accounting system, but seek opportunities to further segregate duties and strengthen internal controls. Often, the most effective approach is the expansion of documented approval of transactions and reconciliations by the Township Board and chief executive officer.

Recommendation 3: Annual budgets and budget amendments should be adopted in a format consistent with internal and external financial statement presentations.

The Township's final amended budget for various funds failed to provide the necessary detail required for proper financial statement presentation.

The presentation of annual and amended budgets in a format consistent with financial statement presentation would help insure proper presentation and fiscal compliance.

Recommendation 4: Reconcile bank statements to the general ledger.

We noted the bank statements are not being reconciled to the general ledger. The failure to reconcile the bank statements to the general ledger provides the opportunity for misappropriations of funds and accounting errors to be undetected.

We recommend that the bank statements for all accounts be reconciled to the general ledger on a monthly basis.

Recommendation 5: All receipts should be accompanied by a supporting documentation.

During our review of cash receipts, we noted that some cash receipts were not accompanied by supporting documentation.

Proper supporting documentation will reduce the possibility of items being misclassified when they are recorded and allow for more efficient review of transactions.